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APPLICATION NO.	FI	LING DATE		FIRST NAME	D INVENTOR		ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/755,208 01/05/2001		David P. Harris			 	5377-7	5301	
	7590	06/03/2004			4 1		EXAMINER	
Mr. David Harris Zero Maintenance International Corporation					ASSOUAD, PATRICK J			
689 N. Milw			ration				ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
Chicago, IL	60622						2857	
***					•		DATE MAILED: 06/03/2004	4

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	<u></u>									
	Application No.	Applicant(s) HARRIS ET AL.								
Office Antique O	09/755,208									
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit								
	Patrick J Assouad	2857								
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply										
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period with Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). Status	6(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tin within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) day ill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from	nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication:								
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on										
	– : s action is non-final									
2a) ☐ This action is FINAL . 2b) ☐ This action is non-final. 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the ments is										
closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle: 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213										
Disposition of Claims 4) A Claim(s) 1-32 is/are pending in the application.										
the set against the contract of the contract o		en e								
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.										
5)⊠ Claim(s) 8-19/sis/are allowed. 6)⊠ Claim(s) 1,20-32/is/are rejected. 7)⊠ Claim(s) 2-7/is/are objected to										
والمراجع والم										
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement. Application Papers										
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.										
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner.										
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).										
11) The proposed drawing correction filed on is: a) approved b) disapproved by the Examiner.										
If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.										
12) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.										
Priority-under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120										
13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).										
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:										
1. Certified copies of the priority documents	have been received.									
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No										
Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau' (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.										
14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application).										
a) ☐ The translation of the foreign language provi 15)☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic	isional application has been rece priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120	eived. and/or 121.								
Attachment(s)										
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 4 Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s)		(PTO-413) Paper No(s) atent Application (PTO-152)								
S. Patent and Trademark Office										

Application/Control Number: 09/755,208

Art Unit: 2857

DETAILED ACTION

Information Disclosure Statement

1. The information disclosure statement filed 9/11/02 fails to comply with 37 CFR 1.98(a)(1), which requires a list of all patents, publications, or other information submitted for consideration by the Office. It has been placed in the application file, but the information referred to therein has not been considered. Applicant should submit the list in the form of a PTO-Form 1449.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

- 2. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:
 - The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.
- Claims 21-32 appear to have numerous dependency problems; for example, claim 21 should depend from claim 20, not claim 13. There is insufficient antecedent basis for the numerous limitations in these dependent claims. A thorough check of these claims is required.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

4. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

Application/Control Number: 09/755,208 Page 3

Art Unit: 2857

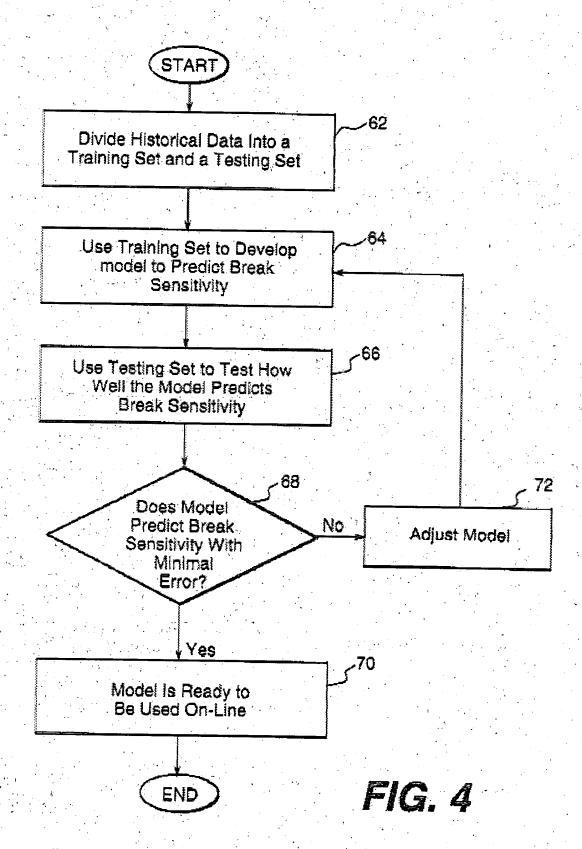
5. Claims 1 and 20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by

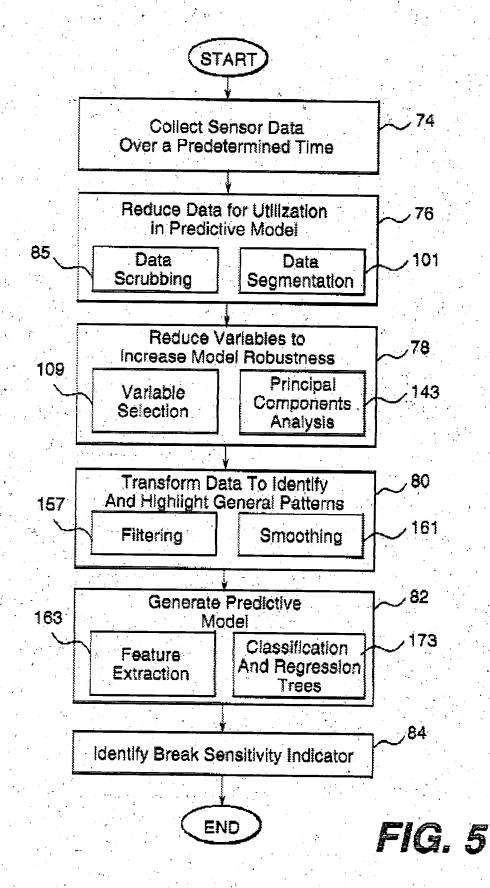
Chen et al. ('877 B1) published 10/15/02 with effective priority to 9/15/99.

6 Chen et al. disclose :

A system and method for predicting web breaks in a paper machine. Principal components analysis (PCA) and classification and regression tree (CART) modeling are used to predict web break sensitivity from sensor measurements taken from the paper machine. Also, the CART model is used to isolate the root cause of the predicted web break sensitivity. (Abstract)

Figs. 4-6 of Chen et al. are reproduced below.





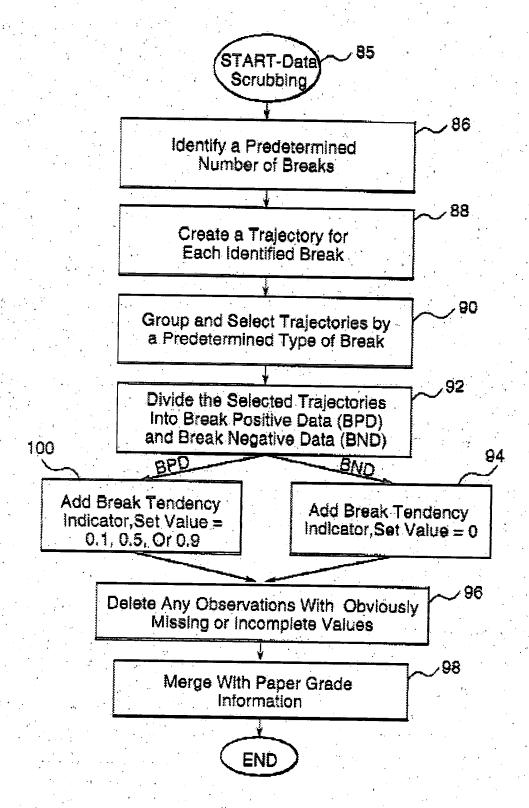


FIG. 6

7. We clearly see from at least the above-reproduced Figures the claimed "receiving a first set...", "creating a predictive model...", receiving a second set...", and "applying the predictive model...". Note, the Examiner specifically interprets and correlates the instant claimed "data sets" with the (plural) historical data sets of **Chen et al.** Also most notable are the "break sensitivity" adjustment of Chen et al. With respect to the specifically claimed "prediction window", we can turn to col. 6 of **Chen et al.** partially reproduced below:

A predetermined number of web breaks are identified at 86. In the preferred embodiment, all of the web breaks are identified, although a smaller sample size may be used. For each web break, a trajectory of data is created over a predetermined window at 88. The size of the predetermined window may vary depending on the desired accuracy of the predictive model and on the typical length of the break trajectory data. For example, break trajectory windows of 1 hour to 1 day may be utilized, although preferred window sizes include 60, 120, 180 and 240 minutes. These trajectories are grouped by a predetermined type of break, and one of the groups may be selected for further processing at 90. For example, in the preferred embodiment there are four major groups of breaks, however, only breaks corresponding to situations defined as "unknown causes" are evaluated. The other major groups include breaks with known causes, where the problem is easier to solve and thus less attractive for predictive modeling. As a result, data relating to the known causes groups are taken out of the analysis. Thus, for example, the historical data can be reduced to 433 break trajectories, containing 443,273 observations and 46 variables.

Once the data relating to a selected group of trajectories, such as unknown causes, is defined, the selected break trajectory data is divided into a predetermined number of groups at 92. For example, the data may be divided into two groups to distinguish data associated with an imminent break from data associated with a stable operation. One skilled in the art will realize, however, that the data may be grouped in numerous other gradiations in relation to the break. Utilizing two groups, the first group contains the set of observations taken within a predetermined pre-break to break time window, such as 60 minutes prior to the break to the moment of the break. This data set is denoted as break positive data and, in the preferred embodiment, contains 199,377 observations and 46 variables. The remaining data set, containing the set of observations greater than 60 minutes prior to the break, is denoted as break negative data. In the preferred embodiment, the break negative data contains 243,896 observations and 46 variables. The data collected after the moment of the break is discarded, since it is already known that the web has broken.

In the break negative data, a break tendency indicator variable is added

Application/Control Number: 09/755,208

Art Unit: 2857

to the data and assigned a value of 0 at 94. The break indicator value of 0 denotes that a break did not occur within the data set. Further, any incomplete observations and obviously missing values are deleted at 96. Additionally, the break negative data is merged with data representing a paper grade variable at 98. For example, in a preferred embodiment, this yields a final set of break negative data containing 233,626 observations and 47 variables.

In the break positive data, a predetermined break sensitivity indicator variable is added to the data at 100. For example, using the 60 minute pre-break to break time window, the break sensitivity indicator is assigned a value of 0.1, 0.5 or 0.9, respectively, corresponding to the first, middle or last 20 minutes of the break trajectory. These break sensitivity indicator values represent a low, medium and high break possibility, respectively. As one skilled in the art will realize, the number and value of the break sensitivity indicators may vary based on the application. Further, any incomplete observations and obviously missing values are deleted at 96. Also, only the first data point corresponding to the break is included in the data. set for each break trajectory. This allows each break trajectory data set to only include relevant data prior to the break. Additionally, the break positive data is merged with data representing a paper grade variable at 98. For example, this yields a final set of break positive data containing 26,453 observations and 47 variables. Thus, by performing data scrubbing, two data sets--break positive data and break negative data--are created and are used throughout the remainder of the process. [emphasis added]

Allowable Subject Matter

- 8. Claims 8-19 are allowed.
- 9. Claims 2-7 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including <u>all</u> of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

Conclusion

- 10. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. See the attached PTO-892.
- Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Patrick J Assouad whose telephone number is 571-272-2210. The examiner can normally be reached on Tues-Friday 6:30am-5:00pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Marc S Hoff can be reached on 571-272-2216. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Patrick J Assouad Primary Examiner Art Unit 2857